

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
SESSION 2021

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HOUSE BILL 383

Short Title: Medicaid Modernized Hospital Assessments. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Lambeth, White, and Sasser (Primary Sponsors).

For a complete list of sponsors, refer to the North Carolina General Assembly web site.

Referred to: Health, if favorable, Finance, if favorable, Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House

March 25, 2021

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO REVISE THE HOSPITAL ASSESSMENT ACT TO ACCOUNT FOR
MEDICAID TRANSFORMATION.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. Effective July 1, 2020, the following portions of S.L. 2020-88 are repealed: subsections (b), (b1), (c), and (d) of Section 15.1, Section 15.2, and Section 15.3.

SECTION 2. Effective July 1, 2021, Chapter 108A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new Article to read:

"Article 7B.

"Hospital Assessment Act.

"Part 1. General.

"§ 108A-145.1. Short title and purpose.

This Article shall be known as the "Hospital Assessment Act." This Article does not authorize a political subdivision of the State to license a hospital for revenue or impose a tax or assessment on a hospital.

"§ 108A-145.3. Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this Article:

- (1) Acute care hospital. – A hospital licensed in North Carolina that is not a freestanding psychiatric hospital, a freestanding rehabilitation hospital, a long-term care hospital, or a State-owned and State-operated hospital.
- (2) Base capitation rate. – A periodic per-enrollee or per-event amount paid by the Department to prepaid health plans for the delivery of Medicaid and NC Health Choice services in accordance with Article 4 of Chapter 108D of the General Statutes applicable to a particular rating group and appearing in a Medicaid managed care capitation rate certification, as adjusted by the Department and allowed by CMS in accordance with Part 438 of Subchapter C of Chapter IV of Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- (3) Capitated contract plan type. – Any type of capitated prepaid health plan contract defined in G.S. 108D-1.
- (4) CMS. – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
- (5) Critical access hospital. – As defined in 42 C.F.R. § 400.202.
- (6) Federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP). – The federal share of North Carolina Medicaid service costs as calculated by the federal Department of Health and Human Services in accordance with Section 1905(b) of the Social



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- 1 Security Act, in effect at the start of the applicable assessment quarter,
2 expressed as a decimal.
- 3 (7) Hospital costs. – A hospital's costs as calculated using the most recent
4 available Hospital Cost Report Information System's cost report data available
5 through CMS, including both inpatient and outpatient components.
- 6 (8) Inpatient hospital financing percentage. – For the 2021-2022 State fiscal year,
7 the inpatient hospital financing percentage is sixty-six and one-tenth percent
8 (66.1%), expressed as a decimal. For each subsequent State fiscal year, the
9 inpatient hospital financing percentage is the sum of the inpatient hospital
10 financing percentage for the previous State fiscal year plus the market basket
11 percentage, divided by the sum of one plus the market basket percentage.
- 12 (9) Inpatient hospital services. – As defined in the Medicaid State Plan, excluding
13 payments made under the graduate medical education methodology and the
14 disproportionate share hospital methodology.
- 15 (10) Inpatient portion of the statewide capitation rate. – The amount of the
16 statewide capitation rate applicable to a particular rating group that is
17 attributed to inpatient hospital facility health services in the applicable
18 Medicaid managed care rate certification, expressed as a statewide weighted
19 average of all PHP regions.
- 20 (11) Market basket percentage. – The hospital inpatient prospective payment
21 system market basket minus the multifactor productivity adjustment
22 established in rule by CMS and in effect on March 1 of the previous State
23 fiscal year, expressed as a decimal.
- 24 (12) Medicaid managed care capitation rate certification. – A rate certification for
25 any capitated contract plan type that contains the rates paid to prepaid health
26 plans and that has been submitted to CMS under 42 C.F.R. § 438.7 and, except
27 as otherwise provided in this subdivision, (i) has been approved by CMS and
28 (ii) is in effect during the applicable time period. If, on the first day of any
29 assessment quarter, CMS has not approved a rate certification for a particular
30 capitated contract plan type for that quarter, then the Medicaid managed care
31 capitation rate certification for that capitated contract plan type is the rate
32 certification submitted to CMS under 42 C.F.R. § 438.7 applicable to that
33 quarter.
- 34 (13) Outpatient hospital financing percentage. – Twenty-eight percent (28%),
35 expressed as a decimal.
- 36 (14) Outpatient hospital services. – As defined in the Medicaid State Plan.
- 37 (15) Outpatient portion of the statewide capitation rate. – The amount of the
38 statewide capitation rate applicable to a particular rating group that is
39 attributed to outpatient hospital facility services and emergency room facility
40 services in the applicable Medicaid managed care capitation rate
41 certifications, expressed as a statewide weighted average of all PHP regions.
- 42 (16) Paid capitation. – The total amount of the capitation payments made by the
43 Department to all prepaid health plans for a particular rating group (i)
44 attributable to the base capitation rate in the applicable Medicaid managed
45 care capitation rate certification and (ii) adjusted by the Department as a result
46 of retroactively implementing any base capitation rate adjustment that is
47 approved by CMS or allowed under Part 438 of Subchapter C of Chapter IV
48 of Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- 49 (17) Previous data collection period. – The period beginning on the eleventh day
50 of the month that is four months prior to the start of the applicable assessment

1 quarter and ending on the tenth day of the month prior to the start of the
2 applicable assessment quarter.

3 (18) Private acute care hospital. – An acute care hospital that (i) is not qualified to
4 certify public expenditures as described in 42 C.F.R. § 433.51(b), (ii) is not a
5 critical access hospital, and (iii) is not part of the UNC Health Care System.

6 (19) Private hospital historical assessment share. – Seventy-nine percent (79%),
7 expressed as a decimal.

8 (20) Public acute care hospital. – An acute care hospital that (i) is qualified to
9 certify public expenditures as described in 42 C.F.R. § 433.51(b), (ii) is not a
10 critical access hospital, (iii) is not part of the UNC Health Care System, and
11 (iv) is not the primary affiliated teaching hospital for the East Carolina
12 University Brody School of Medicine.

13 (21) Public hospital historical assessment share. – Twenty-one percent (21%),
14 expressed as a decimal.

15 (22) Rating group. – A category of beneficiaries or maternity services for which a
16 periodic per-enrollee or per-event amount appears in a Medicaid managed
17 care capitation rate certification.

18 (23) State's annual Medicaid payment. – An annual amount equal to one hundred
19 ten million dollars (\$110,000,000) for the period July 1, 2021, through June
20 30, 2022, increased each year over the prior year's payment by the market
21 basket percentage.

22 (24) Statewide capitation rate. – A periodic per-enrollee or per-event amount paid
23 by the Department to prepaid health plans for the delivery of Medicaid and
24 NC Health Choice services in accordance with Article 4 of Chapter 108D of
25 the General Statutes applicable to a particular rating group, expressed as a
26 statewide weighted average for the applicable capitated contract plan type for
27 all PHP regions and appearing in a Medicaid managed care capitation rate
28 certification, as adjusted by the Department and allowed by CMS in
29 accordance with Part 438 of Subchapter C of Chapter IV of Title 42 of the
30 Code of Federal Regulations.

31 (25) Third-party coverage. – Liability by any individual, entity, or program for the
32 payment of all or part of the expenditures for medical assistance under the
33 Medicaid State Plan that has been identified by the Department before making
34 the medical assistance expenditure.

35 (26) University of North Carolina Health Care System (UNC Health Care System).
36 – As established in G.S. 116-37 and including the following hospitals:

37 a. The University of North Carolina Hospitals at Chapel Hill.

38 b. Rex Hospital, Inc.

39 c. Chatham Hospital, Incorporated.

40 d. UNC Rockingham Health Care, Inc.

41 e. Caldwell Memorial Hospital, Incorporated.

42 **"§ 108A-145.5. Due dates and collections.**

43 (a) Assessments under this Article are calculated, imposed, and due quarterly in the time
44 and manner prescribed by the Secretary and shall be considered delinquent if not paid within
45 seven calendar days of this due date.

46 (b) With respect to any hospital owing a past-due assessment amount under this Article,
47 the Department may withhold the unpaid amount from Medicaid or NC Health Choice payments
48 otherwise due or impose a late payment penalty. The Secretary may waive a penalty for good
49 cause shown.

1 (b) The inpatient subcomponent is an amount calculated for each rating group by
2 multiplying the paid capitation for the applicable rating group in the previous data collection
3 period by the percentage that is calculated by (i) multiplying the inpatient portion of the statewide
4 capitation rate for the applicable rating group by the inpatient hospital financing percentage, (ii)
5 multiplying that product by the difference of one minus the FMAP, and (iii) dividing that product
6 by the statewide capitation rate for the applicable rating group.

7 (c) The outpatient subcomponent is an amount calculated for each rating group by
8 multiplying the paid capitation for the applicable rating group in the previous data collection
9 period by the percentage that is calculated by (i) multiplying the outpatient portion of the
10 statewide capitation rate for the applicable rating group by the outpatient hospital financing
11 percentage, (ii) multiplying that product by the difference of one minus the FMAP, and (iii)
12 dividing that product by the statewide capitation rate for the applicable rating group.

13 (d) The managed care component is calculated by adding together the aggregate inpatient
14 subcomponents for all rating groups and the aggregate outpatient subcomponents for all rating
15 groups.

16 **"§ 108A-146.9. Fee-for-service component.**

17 (a) The fee-for-service component is an amount of money that is a portion of all the
18 Medicaid fee-for-service payments made to acute care hospitals during the previous data
19 collection period for claims with a date of service on or after July 1, 2021. The fee-for-service
20 component consists of a subcomponent pertaining to claims for which there is no third-party
21 coverage and a subcomponent pertaining to claims for which there is third-party coverage.

22 (b) The subcomponent pertaining to claims for which there is no third-party coverage is
23 the sum of the inpatient amount and the outpatient amount described in this subsection:

24 (1) The inpatient amount is the product of the total fee-for-service payments for
25 claims for which there is no third-party coverage made to all acute care
26 hospitals for inpatient hospital services multiplied by the inpatient hospital
27 financing percentage and multiplied by the difference of one minus the
28 FMAP.

29 (2) The outpatient amount is the product of the total fee-for-service payments for
30 claims for which there is no third-party coverage made to all acute care
31 hospitals for outpatient hospital services multiplied by the outpatient hospital
32 financing percentage and multiplied by the difference of one minus the
33 FMAP.

34 (c) The subcomponent pertaining to claims for which there is third-party coverage is the
35 product of the total fee-for-service payments for claims for which there is third-party coverage
36 made for inpatient hospital services and outpatient hospital services to (i) public acute care
37 hospitals, (ii) private acute care hospitals, and (iii) critical access hospitals multiplied by the
38 difference of one minus the FMAP.

39 (d) The fee-for-service component is calculated by adding together the subcomponent
40 pertaining to claims for which there is no third-party coverage and the subcomponent pertaining
41 to claims for which there is third-party coverage.

42 **"§ 108A-146.11. Graduate medical education component.**

43 The graduate medical education component is an amount of money that is one-fourth (1/4)
44 of the total amount of payments that will be made by the Department during the current State
45 fiscal year to all public acute care hospitals and private acute care hospitals in accordance with
46 the Medicaid graduate medical education methodology in the Medicaid State Plan multiplied by
47 the difference of one minus the FMAP.

48 **"§ 108A-146.13. Intergovernmental transfer adjustment component.**

49 (a) The intergovernmental transfer adjustment component is forty-four million nine
50 hundred twelve thousand five hundred seven dollars (\$44,912,507) for each quarter of the
51 2021-2022 State fiscal year. For each subsequent State fiscal year, the intergovernmental transfer

1 adjustment component shall be increased over the prior year's quarterly payment by the market
2 basket percentage.

3 (b) If a public acute care hospital closes or becomes a private acute care hospital, then,
4 beginning in the first assessment quarter following the closure or change to a private acute care
5 hospital and for each quarter thereafter, the intergovernmental transfer adjustment component
6 described in subsection (a) of this section, as inflated in accordance with that section, shall be
7 reduced by the amount of the public acute care hospital's intergovernmental transfer to the
8 Department made during its last quarter of operation as a public acute care hospital.

9 **"§ 108A-146.15. Use of funds.**

10 The proceeds of the assessments imposed under this Part, and all corresponding matching
11 federal funds, must be used to make the State's annual Medicaid payment to the State, to fund
12 payments to hospitals made directly by the Department, to fund a portion of capitation payments
13 to prepaid health plans attributable to hospital care, and to fund graduate medical education
14 payments.

15 **"§ 108A-146.17. Changes of hospital status.**

16 (a) For purposes of this section, hospital status includes all of the following:

- 17 (1) A hospital's status as a public acute care hospital, a private acute care hospital,
18 or a hospital owned or controlled by the UNC Health Care system.
19 (2) The operating status of an acute care hospital as open or closed, including new
20 hospitals and hospital closures.

21 (b) The Department of Health and Human Services shall report to the House of
22 Representatives Appropriations Committee on Health and Human Services, the Senate
23 Appropriations Committee on Health and Human Services, and the Fiscal Research Division
24 whenever the Department is notified of a possible change of hospital status. The report shall be
25 due 60 days after the Department is notified of the possible change. The report shall include all
26 of the following:

- 27 (1) The anticipated change of hospital status and the anticipated time frame during
28 which the change of hospital status may occur.
29 (2) Any proposed revisions to Article 7B of Chapter 108A of the General Statutes
30 that would be needed if the change in hospital status occurs, including
31 proposed changes to the public and private hospital historical assessment
32 shares in G.S. 108A-145.3 and the intergovernmental transfer adjustment
33 component in G.S. 108A-146.13, as well as the mathematical calculations
34 supporting the proposed changes.

35 (c) The Department of Health and Human Services shall report to the House of
36 Representatives Appropriations Committee on Health and Human Services, the Senate
37 Appropriations Committee on Health and Human Services, and the Fiscal Research Division
38 whenever the Department is notified that a change in hospital status has occurred. The report
39 shall be due 60 days after the Department is notified of the change. The report shall include all
40 of the following:

- 41 (1) The change of hospital status and the date of the change.
42 (2) Any proposed revisions to Article 7B of Chapter 108A of the General Statutes
43 that are needed as a result of the change in hospital status, including proposed
44 changes to the public and private hospital historical assessment shares in
45 G.S. 108A-145.3 and the intergovernmental transfer adjustment component in
46 G.S. 108A-146.13, as well as the mathematical calculations supporting the
47 proposed changes.
48 (3) If the change of hospital status occurred because a public acute care hospital
49 closed or became a private acute care hospital, then the amount of the public
50 acute care hospital's intergovernmental transfer to the Department made
51 during its last quarter of operation."

1 **SECTION 3.(a)** Notwithstanding G.S. 108A-146.1, established in Section 2 of this
2 act, for the assessment quarter beginning July 1, 2021, the public hospital assessment shall be
3 thirty-eight hundredths percent (0.38%) of total hospital costs for all public acute care hospitals.

4 **SECTION 3.(b)** Notwithstanding G.S. 108A-146.3, established in Section 2 of this
5 act, for the assessment quarter beginning July 1, 2021, the private hospital assessment shall be
6 eighty-seven hundredths percent (0.87%) of total hospital costs for all private acute care
7 hospitals.

8 **SECTION 4.(a)** Notwithstanding G.S. 108A-146.1, established in Section 2 of this
9 act, for the assessment quarter beginning October 1, 2021, the Department of Health and Human
10 Services shall determine the public hospital assessment percentage by, first, either increasing or
11 reducing the aggregate assessment collection amount under G.S. 108A-146.5 by the
12 reconciliation component under subsection (c) of this section, and then multiplying that amount
13 by the public hospital historical assessment share, and lastly dividing by the total hospital costs
14 of all public acute care hospitals.

15 **SECTION 4.(b)** Notwithstanding G.S. 108A-146.3, established in Section 2 of this
16 act, for the assessment quarter beginning October 1, 2021, the Department of Health and Human
17 Services shall determine the private hospital assessment percentage by, first, either increasing or
18 reducing the aggregate assessment collection amount under G.S. 108A-146.5 by the
19 reconciliation component under subsection (c) of this section, and then multiplying that amount
20 by the private hospital historical assessment share, and lastly dividing by the total hospital costs
21 of all private acute care hospitals.

22 **SECTION 4.(c)** The reconciliation component is a positive or a negative number
23 that results from subtracting the actual amount of public hospital assessment and private hospital
24 assessment collected for the assessment quarter beginning July 1, 2021, from the aggregate
25 assessment collection amount calculated under G.S. 108A-146.5 for the assessment quarter
26 beginning October 1, 2021, with the adjustment required in accordance with subsection (d) of
27 this section. If the reconciliation component is a positive number, then the aggregate assessment
28 collection amount shall be increased by the reconciliation component in accordance with this
29 section. If the reconciliation component is a negative number, then the aggregate assessment
30 collection amount shall be reduced by the reconciliation component in accordance with this
31 section.

32 **SECTION 4.(d)** Notwithstanding the definition of federal medical assistance
33 percentage (FMAP) in G.S. 108A-145.3, when calculating the aggregate assessment collection
34 amount under G.S. 108A-146.5 for the reconciliation component in subsection (c) of this section,
35 the FMAP used in the calculation shall be the federal share of North Carolina Medicaid service
36 costs as calculated by the federal Department of Health and Human Services in accordance with
37 Section 1905(b) of the Social Security Act that is in effect for the quarter beginning July 1, 2021.

38 **SECTION 5.** In response to changes in the Medicaid reimbursement environment
39 that may occur as a result of the transition to managed care, the Department of Health and Human
40 Services shall report to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Medicaid and NC Health
41 Choice and the Fiscal Research Division by January 1, 2026, with a proposal to replace or adjust
42 the market basket percentage as the inflation factor that is used in the modernized hospital
43 assessments in Part 2 of Article 7B of Chapter 108A of the General Statutes, as well as in the
44 hospital base rates for Medicaid fee-for-service reimbursements, beginning July 1, 2026.

45 **SECTION 6.** Except as otherwise provided, this act becomes effective July 1, 2021.